

# Grass Getter®

## Postemergence Grass Herbicide

- Intended for residential/homeowner use on and around Flowers, Evergreens, Ornamental Groundcovers, Bedding Plants, Shrubs, Trees, Fruits\*, Vegetables\* (\*See Table 2. Fruits and Vegetables for specific crops).
- Systemic selective herbicide kills weedy grasses without injuring desirable plants.
- Controls: Bermudagrass, crabgrass, foxtail, quackgrass and many other weedy grasses.



### Active Ingredient:

Sethoxydim: 2-[1-(ethoxyimino) butyl]-5-[2-(ethylthio)propyl]-3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexen-1-one**	18.0%
Other Ingredients	82.0%
Total:	100.0%

\*\*Equivalent to 1.5 pounds sethoxydim per gallon.

Contains petroleum distillate.

® Grass Getter is a registered trademark of Lawn and Garden Products, Inc.

EPA Reg. No. 7969-58-54705

EPA Est. No. 48498-CA-1

**ATTENTION:** This product contains naphthalene which is a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

**NET CONTENTS: ½ Pint, 1 Pint or 1 Gallon**

Manufactured for:  
**Lawn and Garden Products, Inc.**  
 P.O. Box 35000 • Fresno, CA 93745 • (559) 499-2100  
 info@montereylawnandgarden.com

<b>KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING/AVISO</b>	
Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)	
<b>FIRST AID</b>	
If In Eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water 15 to 20 minutes.</li> <li>• Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> <li>• Call poison control center or doctor treatment advice.</li> </ul>
If On Skin Or Clothing:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.</li> <li>• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
If Swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</li> <li>• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> <li>• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center.</li> <li>• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>
<b>HOT LINE NUMBER</b>	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact the National Pesticide Information Center at 1-800-858-7378 for emergency medical treatment information.	
<b>NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:</b> Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. Contains petroleum distillate. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.	

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

### Hazards to Humans & Domestic Animals

**Warning:** Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Causes skin irritation. Harmful if absorbed through skin or swallowed. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, chemical-resistant gloves made of

any waterproof material, protective eyewear, shoes, and socks. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to aquatic organisms. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems.

### ENDANGERED SPECIES CONCERNS

The use of any pesticide in a manner that may kill or otherwise harm an endangered or threatened species or adversely modify their habitat is a violation of Federal law. This pesticide is toxic to vascular plants and should be used strictly in accordance with drift precautions on this label in order to minimize off-site exposures.

### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

**COMBUSTIBLE. DO NOT** use or store near heat or open flame.

## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. **READ ENTIRE LABEL FOR DIRECTIONS FOR USE AND PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS.**

GRASS GETTER is a selective systemic grass killer to eliminate existing weedy grasses growing in and around plant beds, landscapes, and individual shrubs and trees. (See **Tolerant Plants**). GRASS GETTER can be used through a hose-end sprayer according to the directions of the sprayers being used or through a tank-type sprayer.

GRASS GETTER can also be used around listed fruit and vegetable areas (see **Table 2**) wherever listed weedy grasses occur. Use only tank type sprayers.

**WEEDY GRASSES CONTROLLED:** GRASS GETTER kills most annual and hard-to-kill perennial grasses up to 1 foot high, including the following examples, in one or two applications. Younger, actively growing seedling weeds are more easily killed than older, mature, well-established grassy weeds that may require a repeat application for control. Adding oil concentrate may help control grassy weeds.

Barnyardgrass	Orchardgrass, Seedling
Bermudagrass	Quackgrass
Broadleaf Signalgrass	Tall Fescue, Seedling
Crabgrass, (Large, Smooth)	Texas Panicum
Fall Panicum	Shattercane/Wildcane
Foxtails (Giant, Green, Yellow)	Wild Proso Millet
Goosegrass	Wirestem Muhly
Johnsongrass (Seedling, Rhizome)	Witchgrass
Junglerice	Woolly cupgrass
Lovegrass	

Note: This product does not control sedge (including nutsedge or nutgrass), annual bluegrass, or broadleaf weeds. Red fescue, chewing fescue, hard fescue, and dichondra turfs are also tolerant to GRASS GETTER.

**APPLICATION TIMING:** Apply when grassy weeds are actively growing, not exceeding the minimum of days from application to harvest when used on vegetables and fruits. Warm sunny weather will accelerate systemic movement from leaves and stems down to the roots to give complete kill. **Do not** mow or cut off tops of weeds before spraying. **Do not** apply if rainfall is expected within one hour following application. Growth of treated grasses stops soon after application. Grass turns yellow and dies within one to three weeks depending on the grass species, stage of growth and weather conditions. Cool weather, drought and heat stress slow activity.

**TABLE 1. GRASS GETTER AND OIL CONCENTRATE DILUTION**

Water to be Used (gallons)	Amount of Grass Getter®		Amount of Oil Concentrate*		Coverage In Square Feet
	Fluid Ounces	Tablespoons	Fluid Ounces	Tablespoons	
1	1	2	1	2	1,800
3	3	6	3	6	5,500
5	5	10	5	10	9,100
8	8	16	8	16	14,600

One gallon of spray will treat 1,800 square feet.

\*To prevent leaf burn of desirable plants, do not use oil concentrate when comfort index (temperature °F + humidity) exceeds 150.

## HOSE-END SPRAYER APPLICATION

### Water Dilution/Premixing Not Needed

Determine the area to treat in square feet. Pour 1 fluid ounce GRASS GETTER and 1 fluid ounce oil concentrate in the hose-end sprayer bottle for each 1800 square feet to be treated. Apply 1 fluid ounce per gallon. After application, wash the sprayer with a dilute soap solution and rinse according to the sprayer instructions.

### Water Dilution/Premixing Needed

Some hose-end applicators recommend premixing liquid products with water before pouring into the sprayer bottle. Read the hose-end sprayer instructions for treatments at 1 fluid ounce per 1800 square feet. Clean the sprayer after use according to the sprayer instructions.

## TANK SPRAYER APPLICATION

Mix 1 fluid ounce GRASS GETTER plus 1 fluid ounce oil concentrate per 1 gallon water; spray to just wet the unwanted weedy grasses. One gallon of spray will treat 1800 square feet. Wash sprayer by flushing soapy water through the sprayer.

**IMPORTANT:** For spot treating grassy weeds near lawns and around sensitive plants, a tank-type sprayer is recommended. Spray carefully to avoid spray or drift contact with desirable plants. If drift occurs, wash foliage immediately with water.

**FLOWERS, BEDDING PLANTS, EVERGREENS, SHRUBS, TREES AND ORNAMENTAL GROUNDCOVERS:** GRASS GETTER may be applied over the top of desirable plants infested by weedy grasses, or as a directed spray to weedy grasses at labeled rates. **Do not** exceed dosage rate per gallon of spray. Most ornamental species tested have been found tolerant to GRASS GETTER (see **Tolerant Plants** list). However, use with caution around the following plants as they may be damaged if spray contacts foliage: Azaleas (var. snow), Japanese Privet, Potentilla, Snow in Summer, Red Oak, White Oak, and ornamental grass.

GRASS GETTER may also be used on the following non-bearing food plants. **Do not** apply within 1 year of harvest.

Avocados	Olives	Pomegranates
Dates	Plums	Prunes
Figs		

### FRUITS AND VEGETABLES (Use Only with Tank Type Sprayers):

Use GRASS GETTER on the fruits and vegetables listed in **Table 2. Fruits and Vegetables**. Apply on and around tolerant fruits and vegetables with a tank-type sprayer only. A second application may be made to all listed fruits and vegetables except peanut and strawberry.

The quantities presented in the **Table 1. GRASS GETTER (CONCENTRATE) AND OIL CONCENTRATE DILUTION** do not exceed the registered rates for the fruits and vegetables listed. **Do not** exceed the quantities presented.

**Table 2. FRUITS AND VEGETABLES**

CROP	Minimum time from last application to harvest (days)
Apple	14
Apricot	25
Artichoke (California Only)	7
Asparagus	1
Beans, dry	30
Beans, green	15
Beet (garden)	60
Blackberry	45
Blueberry	30
Broccoli	30
Cabbage	30
Cantaloupe	14
Carrots	30
Cauliflower	30
Celery	30
Cherries (sweet and sour)	25
Citrus	15
Crabapple	14
Cranberries <sup>1</sup>	60
Cucumber	14
Eggplant	20
Endive (Florida only)	15
Grape	50
Horseradish	60
Lentils <sup>1</sup>	50
Lettuce, head	30
Lettuce, leaf	15
Loganberry	45
Mint	20
Muskmelon	14
Onion, garlic	30
Peach	25

Peanut <sup>2</sup>	40
Pear	14
Peas, green	15
Peas, dry	30
Pepper	20
Potato	30
Pumpkin	14
Quince	14
Raspberry	45
Spinach	15
Squash (all)	14
Strawberry <sup>2</sup>	7
Tomato	20
Tree Nuts	15
Watermelon	14

<sup>1</sup>Not for use in California

<sup>2</sup>Use no more than one (1) application per season. Up to 2 applications per season may be made on all other plants.

## TOLERANT PLANTS

### Trees

#### Listed by common name

Acacia, Knife Leaf	Myoporum
Arborvitae, Eastern (var. Teehny)	New Zealand Christmas Tree
Arborvitae, Berkman's, Oriental	Oak
Ash, Green	Oak, Water
Ash, Mountain	Oak, Willow
Ash, Mountain	Olive Tree
Ash, White	Olive, Russian
Basswood, American	Orchid Tree, Purple
Berkman's, Oriental	Osage Orange
Birch	Palm, Mediterranean fan
Birch, Asian White (var. Japonica)	Palm, Pygmy Date
Birch, European White	Palm, Queen
Birch, paper	Palm, Sago
Birch, River, Black or Red	Palm, Windmill
Black Locust	Palo Verde, Green
Bottle-brush	Paulownia, Royal
Bottle Tree	Pear, Common
Brisbane Box Tree	Pear, Evergreen
Cajuput Tree	Pear, Ussurian
Carob Tree	Pepper, Brazilian
Carrot Wood	Pine, Aleppo
Catalpa, Southern	Pine, Austrian
Cherry, Black	Pine, Canary Island
Cherry, Carolina	Pine, Caribbean Slash
Crabapple, Flowering (var. Dalgo,	Pine, Italian Stone
Radiant, Red Splendor, Royalty,	Pine, Jack
Vanguard, Sylvestris, Domestic)	Pine, Japanese Black
Cypress, False	Pine, Loblolly
Cypress, Leyland	Pine, Mugo
Cypress, Italian	Pine, Ponderosa, Western Yellow
Dogwood, Flowering	Pine, Red
Dogwood, Silky	Pine, Scotch
Dogwood, Pagoda	Pine, Shore
Elm, Chinese Evergreen	Pine, Slash
Eucalyptus	Pine, Southern
Fir	Pine, Virginia
Fir, Douglas	Pine, White ( <i>Pinus parviflora</i> )
Fir, Frasier	Pine, White ( <i>Pinus strobus</i> )
Fir, White	Pine, Yew
Goldenrain Tree	Plum, Wild
Guava	Poplar, Hybrid
Guava, Pineapple	Poplar, Yellow, Tulip Tree
Gum, Blue	Purpleleaf, Bailey Acacia
Gum, Lemon-scented	Redwood, Coast
Gum, Red Box	Sandcherry, Western
Hackberry, Common	Sensitive Plant
Hemlock, Canadian	Silktree
Holly, Chinese (var. Bufordii, Rotunda)	Spruce, Black Halls (var: Densata)
Holly, Hybrid (Var: Nellie Stevens)	Spruce, Colorado Blue
Holly, Japanese (var. Convexa,	Spruce, Norway
Compacta, Helleri, Hoogendorn)	Spruce, White
Holly Yaupon	Strawberry Tree
Ironbark, Red	Sumac, Standard, African
Jacaranda	Sweet Gum
Kentucky Coffee Tree	Sycamore
Larch, European	Tea Tree, Australian
Laurel, Indian	Tipu Tree
Linden	Walnut, Black
Linden, Littleleaf	Weeping Fig, Exotica
Locust, Honey	Willow
Loquat	Willow, Australian
Magnolia, Southern	Willow, Desert
Maple, Red	Willow, Peppermint
Maple, Japanese	Yate, Bushy
Maple, Silver	Yew, English
Mimosa Tree	

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## Srubs

### Listed by common name

Abelia, Glossy  
Acacia, Bailey  
Acacia, Knife Leaf  
Acacia, Prostrate  
Acacia Sydney Golden Wattle  
Andromeda  
Arborvitae, Oriental  
Arrowwood, Southern  
Azalea, Mollis hybrid  
Azalea, Northern lights hybrid  
Bamboo, Heavenly  
Barberry, Japanese  
Barberry, Korean  
Barberry, Redleaf  
Bird of Paradise Bush  
Bluebeard  
Boxwood, Common  
Boxwood African  
Boxwood, Japanese (var. Japonica)  
Buckthorn, Glossy, Alder  
Camellia  
Cedar, Eastern Red (var. Pyramidiformis caneari)  
Cherry, Brush  
Cherry, Manchu  
Chokecherry sp.  
Copper Plant, Caribbean  
Cotoneaster, Bearberry  
Cotoneaster, Cranberry  
Cotoneaster, Peking  
Coyota Bush  
Cranberry Bush, American  
Cranberry Bush, Golden  
Crape Myrtle  
Current, Alpine  
Dogwood, Red Osier  
Elaeagnus  
Escallonia  
Euonymus  
Euonymus, Evergreen (var. Golden, Silver King)  
Euonymus, Winged  
Fig, Creeping  
Firethorn  
Forsythia, Greenstem  
Flax, New Zealand  
Fuchsia, Australian  
Gardenis (var. Mystery, Radicans)  
Gardenia Dwarf (var. Veitchii)  
Gold Vine, Guinea  
Hakea  
Hawthorn, Indian  
Hibiscus, Blue  
Hibiscus, Chinese  
Holly, Dwarf Burford  
Honeysuckle, Bush  
Honeysuckle, Cape  
Hydrangea  
Jasmine, Asiatic  
Jasmine, Orange  
Jasmine, Star  
Jasmine, Winter  
Jessamine, Carolina  
Jojoba  
Juniper, Chines (var. Maneyi, Old Gold, Pfitzeriana, Sea Green, Hetzii, Nana, Torulosa, Pfitzerana Aurea, Pfitzer, Golden Pfitzer)  
Juniper, Creeping (var. Bluechip, Huges, Plumosa, Prince of Wales, Webberii, Wiltonii, Bar Harbor, Andorra, Variegata, Youngstown Blue Rug)  
Juniper, Ozark  
Juniper, Rocky Mountain (var. Blue Heaven, Welchii, Wishita Blue, Medova, Moffet, Pyamidas, Green, Springtime, Admiral)

Juniper, Savin (var. Skandia, Arcadia, Broadmoor, Buffalo, Pepin)  
Juniper, Shore (var. Compacta)  
Juniper, Tam (var. Tamariseifolia)  
Lantana, Purple Trailing  
Laurustinus  
Lemonade Sumad  
Lilac, Common Purple  
Liriope, Green  
Liriope, Variegated  
Mickey Mouse Bush  
Mirror Plant, Creeping  
Mock Orange  
Mountain Lilac, Carmel Creeper  
Myrtle, Dwarf  
Nandina, Heavenly Bamboo  
Nannyberry  
Ninebark  
Ninebark (var. Aureus)  
Oleander  
Orchid, Rockrose  
Oregon Grape  
Osmanthus, Holly-leaf  
Osmanthus, Sweet Olive  
Palm, Natal (var. Green Carpet Tuttle)  
Pampas Grass  
Photinia  
Photinia, Fraser  
Pinklady  
Pink Powder Puff  
Pittosporum, Variegated Japanese  
Plumbago, Cape  
Podocarpus, Yew  
Princess Flower  
Privet  
Privet, Glossy (var. Lake Tresca)  
Privet, Japanese, Waxwood  
Privet, Texas  
Purple Hop Bush  
Pyracantha  
Rhododendron – Azalea (var. Hinocrimson, Hershey Red, Coral Blue, Hinodigiri, Christmas Cheer, Pink Ruffle, Formosa Flame, Delaware Valley White, New White)  
Sandcherry, Purpleleaf  
Serviceberry, Allegheny  
Serviceberry, Saskatoon (var. Regent)  
Silver King  
Sky Flower, Brazilian  
Snowball Bush  
Spindle Tree  
Spirea  
Spirea (var. Anthony Waterer, Frobellii, Goldflame)  
Spirea (var. Fairy Queen)  
Spirea (var. Snowbound)  
Star Plant, Lavender  
Tea Tree, Australian  
Tea Tree, New Zealand (var. Red Glow)  
Texas Ranger  
Toyon, California Holly  
Trumpet Vine, Pink  
Veronica (var. Coed)  
Viburnum, Japanese  
Viburnum, Sandankwa  
Wayfaring Tree  
Weeping Fig, Exotica  
Wheeler Dwarf, Variegated (var. Wheller)  
Yellow Bells  
Yesterday-Today-and-Tomorrow  
Yew

Asparagus, Myers (var. Meyeri)  
Asparagus, Sprenger (var. Sprengeri)  
Aster, New York  
Aster, Stokes (var. Blue, White)  
Baby's Breath (var. Bristo Fairy)  
Begonia  
Bellflower, Tussock (var. Canterbury Bells)  
Bittersweet, American  
Black-eyed Susan (var. Goldilocks)  
Bleeding Heart  
Bower Vine  
Butterfly Weed  
Cactus, Barrel  
Candytuff  
Canna  
Cassia, Feathery  
Chrysanthemum Marguarite  
Cockscomb  
Coleus  
Coneflower, Purple (var. Gloriosa Dairy)  
Coral Bells  
Coreopsis (var. Sunray)  
Cup of Gold Vine  
Daffodil  
Dahlia  
Daisy Bush  
Daisy Bush, Blue  
Daisy, Shasta (var. Alaska)  
Daylily  
Dianthus  
Dragonhead, False  
Dusty Miller  
Fern, Sprenger Asparagus  
Fescue, Blue  
Flowering tobacco  
Fountain Grass, Red  
Gazania  
Geranium  
Geranium, Martha Washington  
Gerbera Daisy  
Geum (var. Lady Strathedon, Mrs. Bradshaw, Mrs. Bradshaw Improved)  
Gladiolus  
Heather, False  
Honeysuckle, Amar  
Honeysuckle, Fly (var. Emerald Mound, Clavey's Dwarf)  
Honeysuckle, Japanese  
Honeysuckle, Morrow  
Honeysuckle, Tatarian (var. Zabeli)  
Hopseed Bush, Purple  
Impatiens  
Iris  
Iris, African

Jack-in-the Pulpit  
Jade Plant  
Jasmine, Madagascar  
Lamb's Ear  
Lavender, English  
Lavender, French  
Lavender, Cotton  
Lilac Chinese  
Lilac, Common Purple (var. Charles Joly, Ludwig Spaeth, Jay Tree)  
Lilac, Meyer (var. Palibin)  
Lilac, Korean (var. Miss Kim)  
Lilac, Mountain  
Lily-of-the-Nile, Peter Pan  
Lily-of-the-Valley  
Lobelia  
Marigold  
Mirror Plant  
Mirror Plant, Variegated  
Moneywort, Creeping Jenny  
Moss, Rose  
Moss, Sandwort  
Pansy, Johnny-Jump-Up  
Pepper, Ornamental  
Periwinkle, Madagascar  
Petunia  
Phlox, Perennial  
Plantain Lily  
Purple Loosestrife (var. Morden's Gleam)  
Raspberry Ice  
Sage  
Sea Pinks, Thrift  
Sedum, Stonecrop  
Shrimplant  
Sky Flower, Brazilian  
Snail Vine  
Snapdragon  
Speedwell, Spike  
Statice, Perennial  
Stock  
Sweetgrass  
Sweet William  
Transvaal Daisy  
Trumpet Vine, Blood red  
Trumpet Vine, Lavender  
Trumpet Vine, Pink  
Tulip  
Verbena  
Wandering Jew  
Wisteria  
Yarrow (var. Cerise Queen)  
Yarrow, Debutant  
Yellow Trumpet  
Zinnia

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## Ground Covers

### Listed by common name

Aaron's Beard  
Aptenia (var. Red Apple)  
Bergenia, Winter-blooming  
Bugleweed  
Capeweed  
Carpathian, Harebell  
Cinquefoil, Spring  
Coyote Brush (var. Twin Peaks)  
Crown Vetch  
Cushion Bush  
Daisy, Trailing African, Freeway  
Daisy, White African  
Gazania, Trailing  
Green Carpet  
Ivy, Algerian  
Ivy, Boston  
Ivy, English  
Ivy, Grape (var. Ellen Danica)

Ivy, Hahn's (var. Hahnii)  
Lantana, Lavender  
Lily Turf, Big Blue  
Lippia  
Mondo Grass  
Myoporum (var. Prostratum)  
Pachysandra  
Periwinkle  
Plumbago, Dwarf  
Pork and Beans  
Rosea Ice Plant  
Rosemary, Dwarf (var. Prostratus)  
Rupture Wort  
St. Johnswort, Creeping  
Stonecrop, Sedum  
Verbena  
Verbena, Blue

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## Ornamentals, Bedding Plants

### Listed by common name

Alyssum

Ivy, Grape (var. Ellen Danica)

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store unused product in original container only, out of reach of children and animals. Never transfer this product to another container for storage.

**CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. DO NOT** reuse or refill this container. **If empty:** Offer for recycling if available. **If partly filled:** Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

**NOTICE:** Buyer assumes all liability, including personal injury and property damage which may result from the use of this product in a manner inconsistent with labeling directions. If these terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

## **CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARRANTY**

The Directions For Use of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on field use and tests. The directions are believed to be reliable and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or use of the product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling, all of which are beyond the control of Lawn and Garden Products, Inc. or the Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer.

Lawn and Garden Products, Inc. warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes referred to in the Directions For Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, LAWN AND GARDEN PRODUCTS, INC. MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR MERCHANTABILITY OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BUYER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AND LAWN AND GARDEN PRODUCTS' EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, TORT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY, OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE LIMITED TO REPAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, LAWN AND GARDEN PRODUCTS, INC. AND THE SELLER DISCLAIM ANY LIABILITY FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, EXEMPLARY, SPECIAL OR INDIRECT DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

Lawn and Garden Products, Inc. and the Seller offer this product, and the Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Warranty which may be varied only by agreement in writing signed by a duly authorized representative of Lawn and Garden Products, Inc.

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